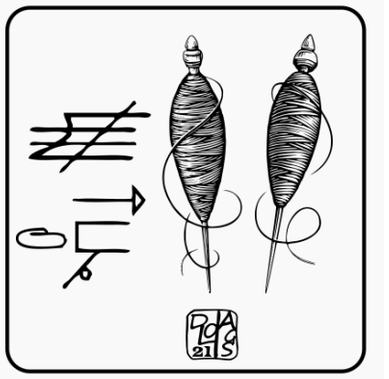
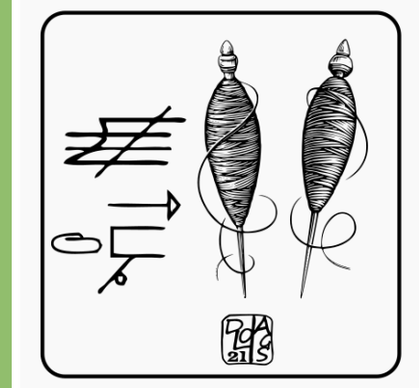


04-SAVOIR
SCIENCE
TECHNIQUES
INSTRUMENT
OUTIL

06-ÉCONOMIE
FAIRE
PRODUIRE

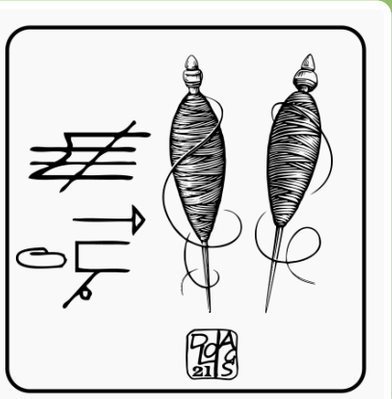
07-
COMMUNICATION
APPARENCE
TEXTILE



04-SAVOIR
SCIENCE
TECHNIQUES
INSTRUMENT
OUTIL

06-ÉCONOMIE
FAIRE
PRODUIRE

07-
COMMUNICATION
APPARENCE
TEXTILE



04-SAVOIR
SCIENCE
TECHNIQUES
INSTRUMENT
OUTIL

06-ÉCONOMIE
FAIRE
PRODUIRE

07-
COMMUNICATION
APPARENCE
TEXTILE



04-SAVOIR
SCIENCE
TECHNIQUES
INSTRUMENT
OUTIL

06-ÉCONOMIE
FAIRE
PRODUIRE

07-
COMMUNICATION
APPARENCE
TEXTILE

fuseau

The spindle is one of the oldest tools in the history of textiles. Long before the spinning wheel or industrial machines were invented, it was used to transform plant or animal fibers into continuous thread. Its operation is based on the principle of rotation. By spinning rapidly on its own axis, it twists the fibers and gives them the strength needed to make fabric. Found in countless civilizations, it has been part of the history of clothing since prehistoric times. The spindle also plays an important role in mythology and folk tales. In several European traditions, spinners have become figures associated with destiny and the passage of time.

fuseau

The spindle is one of the oldest tools in the history of textiles. Long before the spinning wheel or industrial machines were invented, it was used to transform plant or animal fibers into continuous thread. Its operation is based on the principle of rotation. By spinning rapidly on its own axis, it twists the fibers and gives them the strength needed to make fabric. Found in countless civilizations, it has been part of the history of clothing since prehistoric times. The spindle also plays an important role in mythology and folk tales. In several European traditions, spinners have become figures associated with destiny and the passage of time.

fuseau

The spindle is one of the oldest tools in the history of textiles. Long before the spinning wheel or industrial machines were invented, it was used to transform plant or animal fibers into continuous thread. Its operation is based on the principle of rotation. By spinning rapidly on its own axis, it twists the fibers and gives them the strength needed to make fabric. Found in countless civilizations, it has been part of the history of clothing since prehistoric times. The spindle also plays an important role in mythology and folk tales. In several European traditions, spinners have become figures associated with destiny and the passage of time.

fuseau

The spindle is one of the oldest tools in the history of textiles. Long before the spinning wheel or industrial machines were invented, it was used to transform plant or animal fibers into continuous thread. Its operation is based on the principle of rotation. By spinning rapidly on its own axis, it twists the fibers and gives them the strength needed to make fabric. Found in countless civilizations, it has been part of the history of clothing since prehistoric times. The spindle also plays an important role in mythology and folk tales. In several European traditions, spinners have become figures associated with destiny and the passage of time.